

Department of Primary Industries

Biosecurity & Food Safety

Biosecurity Warrior training with me!

This manual belongs to:

Biosecurity Warrior

www.dpi.nsw.gov.au

Biosecurity starts in your backyard



weeds & contaminants) are bad for our Biosecurity Baddies (pests, disease, farms, food and spaces



things YOU can do to help the biosecurity mission Biosecurity Actions are



the Baddies at bay and our **Biosecurity Goodies** help keep environments and us healty

Good biosecurity means we can all enjoy healthy environments and safe food



even in backyards and homes where you would least expect them Our environment is precious and unique. Biosecurity Baddies occur everywhere

They can then spread to our environment and farms and impact the health

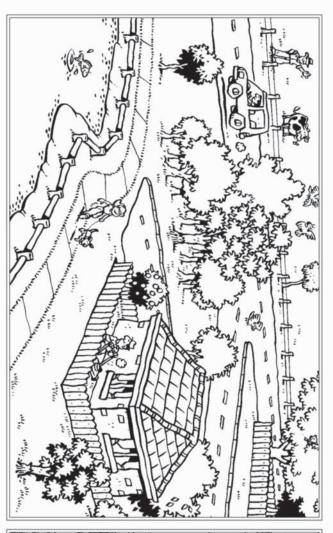
of our native species and land

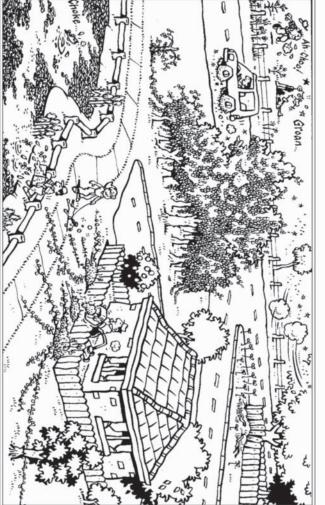
Biosecurity and food safety is a shared responsibility which starts at home.

Look out for the backyard Biosecurity Baddies and stop them from spreading a Biosecurity and Food Safety using your Biosecurity Actions training manual to become Work through your Warrior like me! and Goodies!

can affect how much our farmers can produce and how good their products are. Farms produce food for our tables and fibre for our clothes. Biosecurity Baddies Farmers work hard to keep Biosecurity Baddies out of their farms.

Spot the differences between the Biosecurity Warrior's neighbourhood and one where Biosecurity Baddies haven't been stopped



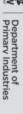


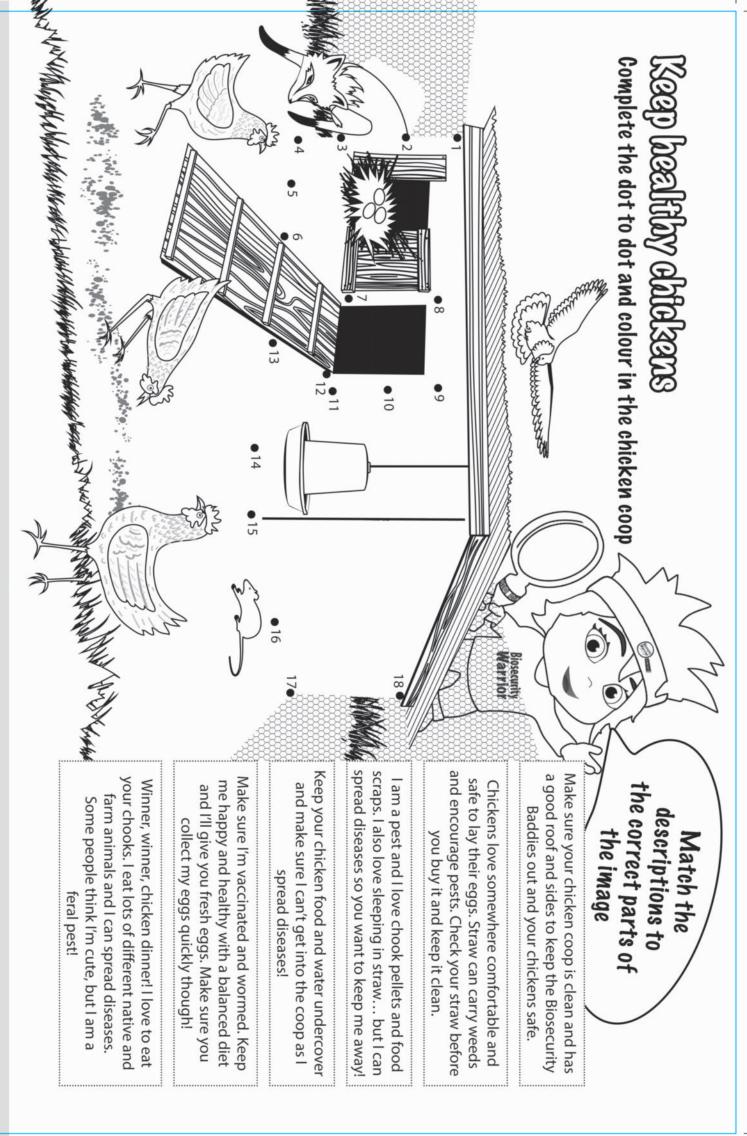
Spot the difference answers:

- . Weeds cause allergies.
- . Weeds make animals sick.
- Weeds affect native animals.
- The wind spreads weed seeds.
- Wash down cars that have been through vegetated areas.
- Weeds take over native bushland.

- Watch environmental weeds spread seedlings.
- Weeds choke our waterways.
- Don't put aquarium weeds into waterways.
- Pets can get sick from eating weeds.
- Don't dump your garden clippings over the fence.

By becoming a
Biosecurity Warrior you can
help keep our environment, food
help keep our environment, food
and other products safe from
the impacts of Biosecurity
the impacts of Biosecurity
Baddies such as diseases,
Baddies such as diseases,
contaminants.





and decide whether each solve the missing phrase use the leftover letters to from your chickens. Then keep the baddies away something you can do .to is a biosecurity baddie or Find the following words

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CLEAN

STRAW

TIDY

ROOF

WATER

FOOD

FOX

DISEASE

SHELTER

WEED

PROTECTION

COOP

FLY

WILD BIRD

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Р	Р	0	D	R	_	В	D	_	_	×

Solve the phrase:

It is important to

chicken ____

so they can eat Many people keep backyard chooks

eating by: Keep your eggs safe for in all sorts of meals. Fresh eggs are yummy

- Collecting your eggs coop as soon as from the chicken possible.
- Labelling your eggs collection. with the date of
- Storing them in an fridge. egg carton in the
- Cooking your eggs before you eat them.

Pid You Know?

When laid, eggs have a out bacteria a 'bloom' which keeps natural coating called

the delicious and

healthy eggs they

produce.

- Egg shells are porous and covered by more than 17,000 tiny holes
- DON'T wash eggs yuck! through the shell bacteria can push the 'bloom' and because you'll remove
- Throw away cracked or dirty eggs
- A fresh egg will sink won't in water, a stale egg
- A hard boiled egg egg wobbles spins easily on a flat smooth surface, a raw

ANSWER Solve the phrase: It is important to wash your hands before and after entering the chicken coop!

...................

Union bealthy firett and vegetali



Biosecurity Baddies



Biosecurity Actions



Biosecurity Goodies







grow or as fresh flowers for the house. often shared with neighbours and friends, either to Plants that are easy to grow or have nice flowers are

Baddies before you share them Make sure your plants are healthy and aren't home to

citrus tree grows and injecting poison which damages trees Look out for me! I'm a citrus psyllid. I love sucking sap I also spread diseases which affect how many fruit your

your plants. These may be a sign of a Biosecurity Baddie. Spot it! Look out for strange marks, spots or features on

can make the fruit and veggies you love! I'm a Biosecurity Goodie, I pollinate your plants so they

Keep your garden clean and tidy by removing any old harm your garden. Make your garden friendly for us! We eat the aphids and other Biosecurity Baddies which

fruit or vegetables and keeping weeds away.



away and your garden and the environment healthy. Biosecurity Goodies help keep the Biosecurity Baddies

Encourage Biosecurity Goodies in your garden in three easy steps:



1. Learn more about Good insects



2. Grow plants
which attract
Good bugs



3. Pesign and build an insect hotel



more about bees and good

www.tocal.nsw.edu.au/home/investigate

insect

your own

hotel at:

bugs, then create



BROWN MARMORATED STINK BUG is a major Biosecurity Baddie

It's an exotic plant pest we don't want to get established here in Australia, so we need to be on the lookout for it.

This bug will damage yummy fruit and veggies we grow in our backyards and farms. Over winter the bugs shelter together in buildings for protection.

There are many Australian native (Goodies) stink bugs so we need to make sure we can spot the difference between the Goodies and the Baddies

Look out for these features of the Brown Marmorated Stink Bug:

- White bands on antennae
- White bands on sides of abdomen
- ▼ 14-17mm in size

If you see me take a photo and REPORT ME to the Exotic Plant Pest Hotline 1800 084 881 or use the MyPestGuide Reporter app.



The FREE

MyPestGuideTM

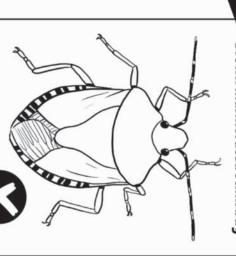
Reporter app lets

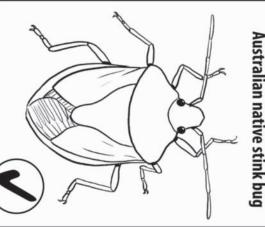
you quickly submit
a report with

photos. If reporting a suspected Brown Marmorated Stink Bug, select 'Stink Bug Survey' and send report to NSW.

SPOT THE DIFFERENCE

Brown marmorated stink bug







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part of the image and choose the correct symbol Colour in the garden. Match the descriptions to the correct



Biosecurity Baddies



Biosecurity Actions



Biosecurity Goodies

maintain your garden to Remove weeds and

reduce the risk of

to Biosecurity Baddies? weed elsewhere or home waste could be known as a you know your garden responsibly. Did your garden waste Use me to remove

before you enter and leave often and wash them vehicles, shoes and socks ride on anything that and bad bugs can hitch a new areas. moves. Check your bike, Baddies, such as weeds, their seeds, Biosecurity

from me and birds will you can't eat the fruit from the deli but the yummy olives My fruit looks like



pushy. I like to creep all I'm bright, cheerful and

get them. Keep a look out for anything unusual in your garden Biosecurity Baddies before you soil, mulch, turf and even Garden materials, such as plants may be home for

Africar Olive

places near and far, make sure I'm materials. Biosecurity Baddie. I can spread to a nice cactus, but I'm a pretty in their garden, like Some people think I look

spread my seeds wherever



not in your garden

38 W20000000 Look out for weeds and stop the spread

smells or look tangled but weeds come in all shapes and sizes might think weeds are ones with spines or prickles or plants that have odd Weeds are plants that behave badly and grow where we don't want them! You

and who to contact. knowing what to look for, where to look, when to look You can help with early detection of weedy plants by

and many others in your school grounds or garden: NSW has no space for weeds, so look out for these weeds

in your pocket. Pownload PPI's NSW 300 weed profiles WeedWise app Get over Biosecurity Warrior

Pid You Know?

Your garden! Check out: Baddies if they escape from Baddies, or can become Lots of plants are Biosecurity

www.growmeinstead.com.au/

would make a Biosecurity Warrior happy! to make sure your garden



WANTED Asparagus fern (Asparagus virgatus)

Grow instead: Creeping Boobialla (Myoporum parvifolium) Crime: Looks nice but likes to go bush taking over space



WANTEP Golden Bells (Tecoma stans)

Grow instead: Honey Gem Grevillea (Grevillea x honey gem) Crime: Seeds spread by birds, water and garden waste



WANTEP Mother-of-millions (Bryophyllum species)

Poisonous to animals Crime: Spreads itself from seed and tiny plant bits.

Grow instead: Pigface (Carpobrotus glaucescens)



WANTEP Butterfly bush (Buddleja davidii)

Grow instead: Purple mint bush (Prostanthera ovalifolia) Crime: Loved by butterflies but seeds blow over the garden fence and grow together so other plants can't get in



WANTEP Montbretia (Crocosmia x crocosmiiflora)

Crime: Very pushy and sneaking by growing and spreading

underground

Grow instead: Fringe Lily (*Thysanotus* species)

WANTED Name:

app or weeds.dpi.nsw.gov.au to profile a biosecurity weed baddie.

Create a Wanted Poster for a weed in your local area. Use the WeedWise

Last seen:

applead exeminations fore dept 2000 deep;

Keeping fish is fun, but it's important to make sure your pets don't become pests in our oceans and waterways. Most fish, snails, and plants you keep in ponds and tanks are not native to Australia, or to your local area. If released, they are difficult to eliminate and pose a serious threat to fragile ecosystems and important industries.



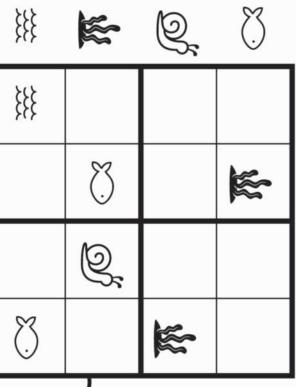
Make 'Clean' part of your routine to help prevent the spread of aquatic pests and diseases. Avoid unwanted hitchhikers by always washing down your boat, trailers and fishing equipment after using them and dispose of all waste collected during cleaning in the general waste.

Pon't dump
your fish or aquarium
weeds into our
waterways! You could
get in
get in

FISH TANK CLEANING TIME!

Biosecurity Warrior

Can you help the Biosecurity Warrior keep the tank clean by arranging the content so that every row, line and column and 4-square box has one of each kind of aquarium item? Draw in the missing





page 8



Keep your pet cat inside at night to help keep our native birds and animals safe

Biosecurity Warrior

The Biosecurity Warrior needs help to track the feral pests and unusual suspects. Can you use the footprints to work out who made them? Colour the ones in red you think are feral, and colour the unusual one in purple.

TRACK 1

TRACK 2

Pid You Know?

Feral pests and non-native animals are dangerous to our native wildlife, environment, dangerous to our native wildlife, environment, they domestic pets and farming communities. They domestic pets and diseases. DPI researchers hunt and can spread diseases. DPI researchers are studying the movement of wild dogs, are studying the movement of wild dogs foxes and feral cats with GPS tracking collars and remote cameras.

TRACK 3

TKACK



and deer.

UNUSUAL SUSPECTS

some have high reproductive rates.

natural predators or fatal diseases, and

Feral pests in Australia have few

FERAL PESTS

They include cats, rabbits, foxes, pigs

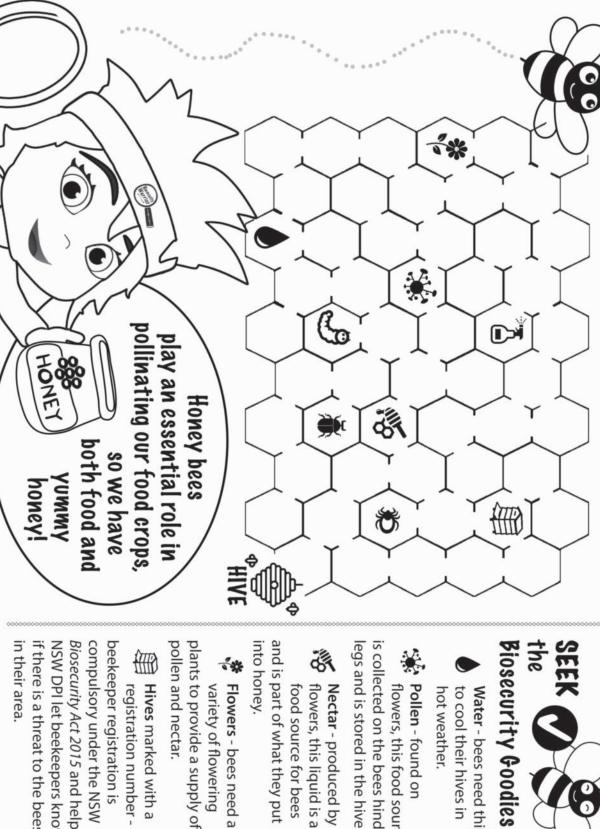
If you spot an unusual animal that you think looks like it doesn't belong in Australia, REPORT IT by calling 1800 680 244

there are also many others.

Unusual suspects are non-native species that include the American corn snake, red-eared slider turtle, boa constrictor and veiled chameleon, but

SOC: 1886.1

Help our Biosecurity Warrior guide the bee to the hive by avoiding the threats that can harm bees, and seeking the goodies that help bees stay sate and produce beautitul golden honey





Biosecurity Goodies

to cool their hives in Water - bees need this hot weather.



is collected on the bees hind legs and is stored in the hive Pollen - found on flowers, this food source



and is part of what they put into honey. Nectar - produced by flowers, this liquid is a food source for bees



in their area if there is a threat to the bees NSW DPI let beekeepers know compulsory under the NSW *Biosecurity Act 2015* and helps beekeeper registration is Hives marked with a registration number -

the



Biosecurity Baddies

bees. chemicals that are harmful to weed, pest and disease Chemicals - many treatments contain

Small Hive Beetle

and in large numbers, these colony. beetles can destroy a bee often found in hives

regularly. need to check their hives Australia but beekeepers We don't have varroa mite in little bugs that kill bees. Varroa mite - nasty

American Foulbrood

sadly the colony must be destroyed. to other hives. If detected It is infectious and can spread honey bee brood in Australia. is the most serious fatal bacterial disease of

The Holden Evolusion frood Sectiony



Keep it hot ok foods to at least 60°





- keep the fridge below 5°C
- refrigerate food that needs to be kept cold in the fridge straight away
- don't eat food that's meant to be in the fridge if it's been left out for 2 hours or more
- defrost and marinate foods in the fridge, especially meats
- shop with a cooler bag and picnic with an esky

- cook foods to at least 60°C, hotter for specific foods
- reheat foods to at least 60°C, until they're steaming hot
- make sure there's no pink left in cooked meats such as mince or sausages
- look for clear juices before serving chicken
- heat to boiling all marinades containing raw meat juices before serving

- wash and dry hands thoroughly before starting to prepare or eat any food, even a snack
- keep benches, kitchen equipment and tableware clean and dry
- don't let raw meat juices drip onto other foods
- and use different cutting boards and knives for both
- avoid making food for others if sick

- don't eat food past a 'use-by' date
- note a 'best before' date
- follow storage and cooking instructions
- be allergy aware
- ask for information about unpackaged foods

It's easy to forget that food can be dangerous and cause illness. Food can grow bacteria which can make us sick if we do not store, prepare, cook and eat it correctly!

Biosecurity warriors
don't just want our food to
be yummy, we also want it to
be safe. That's why it's important
we learn the 4 Golden Rules of
we food Safety!





Hot food needs to be cooled down long enough to stop steaming before putting it in the fridge. It's best to wait about 30 minutes or divide large quantities of hot food into smaller portions. If it's too hot, it can overheat your fridge and put it into the temperature 'danger zone' - between 5°C to 60°C.

To make sure your food stays safe, keep your fridge between 0°C and 5°C at all times

USE BY 19 MARCH 2018

Raw pieces of meat should be kept on the bottom shelf so they don't drip onto other foods and contaminate them. Yuck!

0000

Your fridge needs room to breathe! If it gets overcrowded the temperature starts to rise above 5°C and your food may not be safe to eat.

HELP! I don't have a cover and that piece of raw meat above me keeps dripping onto me. Please cover me quickly to stop me becoming contaminated - I don't want to make you sick.

This milk is no longer safe to drink - make sure you throw away food that's past its 'use-by' date - it could make you very sick

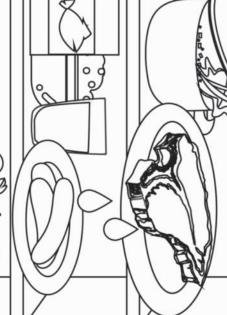
fridge items and match the descriptions to the correct parts of the image

Fridge thermometer

12°C TOO WARM
Lower fridge
temperature

5°C IDEAL
Best for safe
food storage
TOO COLD
Raise the fridge
temperature

-5°C Too COLD
Raise the fridge
temperature







FALSE?

a) It's safe to eat food that's been dropped on the floor, as long as it's been picked up within 5 seconds?

True

True	c) Eating food after before' date is ok	True	b) If food loc tastes ok,
False	c) Eating food after the 'bes' before' date is ok	False	 b) If food looks, smells and tastes ok, it's safe to eat

	9
by' date is ok	Eating food after the 'use

True
False

micro	food i	e) The be
nicrowave	is in the fridge or the	The best way to defrost

1	True
ı	
	False

within

or it might make you sick

Food Safety Word Challenge

Fill in the missing words from the choices below:

• 2 hours • steaming • 5°C • 20 seconds • wash • defrost

• separate • fridge • throw

1. Wash your hands for at leastto remove to remove food in the fridge not on the counter	to remove all germs e counter
3. Keep uncooked meat from cooked meat	ed meat
4. Leftovers should be stored in the	
5. Wait until hot food has stoppedbe in the fridge	before putting
6. Make sure your fridge is kept between 0°C and	at all times
7 your hands before touching food	
8 away food that is past its Use By date	late
9. Food that is meant to be kept cold should be put in the fridge	fridge

True or False Answers:

a) False – it doesn't take long for bacteria to attach itself to dropped food, even if you pick it up super-fast. So, if the food hits the floor, best to be safe and throw it away immediately.

b) False – although a bad smell or taste are signs that food has gone off; these signs are often not caused by the bacteria that give you food poisoning so you shouldn't rely on this as a warning sign. It's best to stick to the 'use by' date and storage instructions on the packet.

c) True – 'best before' dates are about food quality not safety. It just means that the food may have started to lose its colour, flavour or texture.

 d) False – food past it's 'use by' date is no longer safe to eat – even if it looks and smells fine, throw it out straight away.

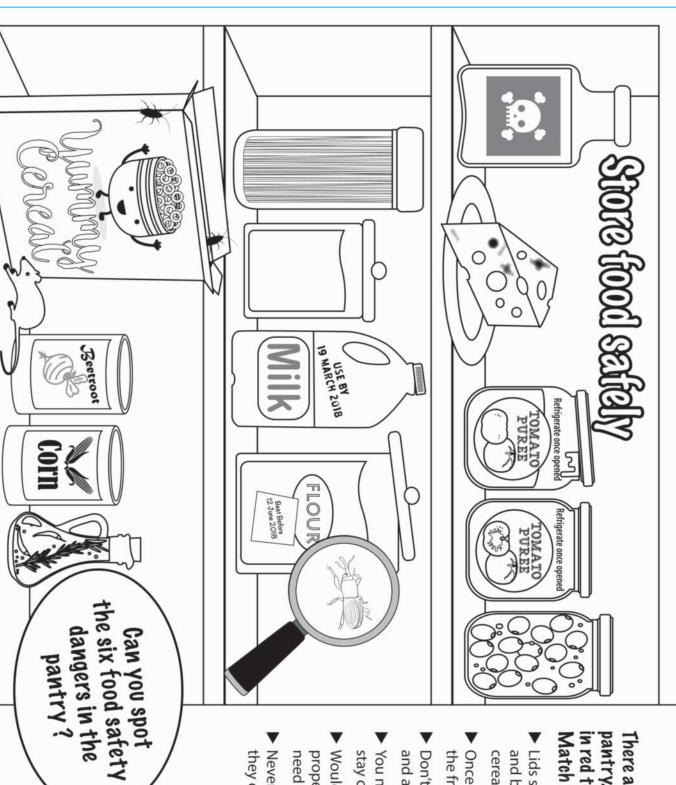
e) True – it can take hours for food to defrost fully if left on a kitchen bench meaning the surface of the food can reach a dangerous temperature, allowing bacteria to multiply and make you sick when you eat it.

Food Safety Word Challenge Answers:

4) fridge	3) separate	2) defrost	1) 20 seconds
9) 2 hours	8) throw	7) wash	6) 5°C



Biosecurity and Food Safety WARRIOR TRAINING MANUAL



There are six food safety dangers in the pantry. Can you find them and colour them in red to show they are not safe to eat?
Match the unsafe food to the descriptions

- Lids should be closed to keep cockroaches and bugs out - these creepy crawlies love cereal as much as you do!
- Once opened, some items need to be kept in the fridge so they don't make you sick.
- Don't forget to label me with what food I am, and also when you need to throw me out
- You need to keep us in the fridge where we stay cold and we won't grow mould
- Would you like a weevil with that? Store food properly in air-tight containers and you won't need to share your food with weevils.

 Never store chemicals near food, if they leak they can make you very sick.

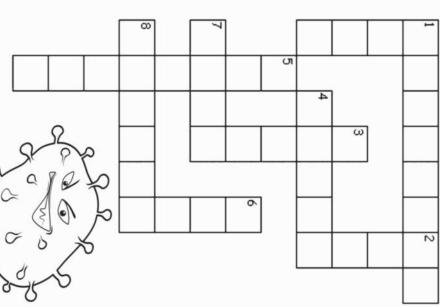
ANSWERS: 1. Opened cereal packet, 2. Opened jar of tomato paste, 3. Unlabelled container, 4. Mouldy cheese and half empty milk bottle, 5. Opened flour container, 6. Chemical container



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MOM BBOTH



Po you have a COOL lunchbox? Make sure you keep your lunch safe to eat by using a frozen drink or freezer block to keep it cold and keep bacteria away!

Answers: Across: 1.Seperate, 4.False, 7.Pets, 8.Fridge. Down: 1.Sick, 2.True, 3.Hands, 5.Ice brick, 6.Zone

Across

- Keep raw and cooked foods_
- 4. You can see bacteria: True or False?
- 7. I should be kept out of the kitchen
- 8. Milk should be stored in the ____

Down

- Don't make food for others if you are
- 2. You should defrost foods in the fridge: True or False?
- 3. Always wash these for at least 20 secs before touching
- 5. I will keep your lunchbox cold
- Bacteria grows quickly in the danger

Keep your latheben eleen

ALWAYS wash your hands before handling food - that's an order!!! It's the easiest way to avoid getting sick, and from making others sick as well.

Yes, I'm cute - but pets and food preparation don't go together.
To keep food safe, keep me out of your kitchen.

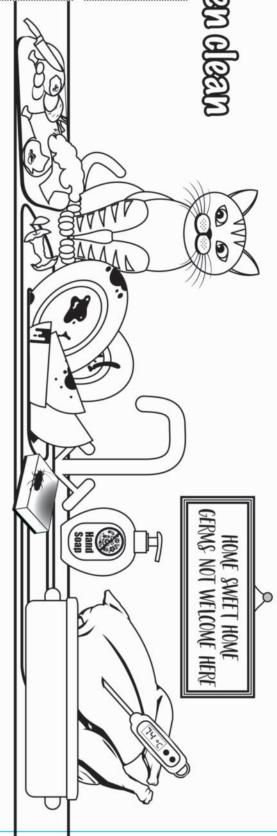
Keep your kitchen clean, tidy and free of rubbish and you'll keep it free from Biosecurity Baddies like bugs and creepy crawlies!

Raw food and cooked food shouldn't hang out togetherso make sure you keep them separate and use different cutting boards and knives for each.

Trust me, if you don't, they might make you very sick.

Excellent! Meat shouldn't be undercooked as it will make you crook but at this temperature, everyone will be happy and healthy.

Keep me clean and replace me often - at least once a week.









5 steps for healthy hand washing

Follow the 5 steps for healthy hand washing to make sure you're washing them properly before handling and eating food











with soap and warm Wash your hands running water.

tricky spots on the backs of your hands, between your fingers and under hands. Don't miss the Rub soap into your your nails.

> yourself by humming the from beginning to end. Scrub your hands for at least 20 seconds – time "Happy Birthday" song remove all the soap under clean, warm running water to Rinse your hands

> > paper) before preparing clean towel (preferably Dry your hands using a or eating food.



Good hand washing removes dirt, food, grease and bacteria and viruses trom your hands.

Wash your hands BEFORE:

Touching food,

cooking or eating

Wash your hands AFTER:



Going to the toilet



Touching raw meat



Touching rubbish, mess or chemicals



Touching animals or playing outside



Touching a cut or sore



Sneezing, coughing or blowing your nose





Department of Primary Industries

Bongmatiolastions

Official Biosecurity and Food Safety Warrior training completion certificate

(INSERT NAME)

awarded the title of

Biosecurity Warrior

For completing your Biosecurity and Food Safety Warrior training.

Your learning will help protect our environment, community and economy from the negative impacts of Biosecurity Baddies and keep our food safe and healthy for eating.

NOW YOU're

a Biosecurity Warrior tool Well done...

www.dpi.nsw.gov.au